

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 1265

January Session, 2005

LCO No. 4313

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Referred to Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding

Introduced by: (FIN)

AN ACT CONCERNING PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO REPORT LISTED TRANSACTIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective from passage and applicable to any open tax
- 2 period) A penalty is hereby imposed on every person who engages in
- 3 activities described in Section 6700(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 4 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the
- 5 United States, as from time to time amended, and who is subject to the
- 6 fifty per cent penalty imposed thereunder, whether or not such penalty
- 7 has been imposed, where such activities affect tax returns required to
- 8 be filed with the Commissioner of Revenue Services. The amount of
- 9 the penalty imposed hereunder shall be equal to fifty per cent of the
- 10 gross income derived from, or to be derived from, such activities by
- 11 such person.
- Sec. 2. Section 12-233 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 13 following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from passage and
- 14 applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2005):
- 15 (a) (1) The commissioner shall [, (1)] examine the tax return filed

under this chapter by a taxpayer and may make such further audit or investigation as the commissioner deems necessary, and if the commissioner determines that there is a deficiency with respect to the payment of any tax due under this chapter, the commissioner shall notify the taxpayer thereof. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the commissioner shall (A) in the case of a return on which an operating loss is not reported, [within] not later than three years after the due date for the filing of such return or within three years after the date on which such return was received by [him] such commissioner, whichever period expires later, or [(2)] (B) in the case of a return on which an operating loss is reported, within three years after the due date or the date of receipt by the commissioner, whichever period expires later, of the return on which a carry-over of such loss is fully utilized or deemed fully utilized because such loss is not available for deduction in any subsequent income year, examine it and, in case any error is disclosed by such examination, shall [,within thirty days after such disclosure, notify the taxpayer thereof mail a notice of deficiency assessment to the taxpayer. Where, not later than the sixty-day period ending on the day on which the time prescribed in this section for mailing a notice of deficiency assessment for any income year would otherwise expire, the commissioner receives a written document signed by such taxpayer showing that such taxpayer owes an additional amount of tax for such income year, the commissioner then shall have up to sixty days after the day such written document is received in which to mail a notice of deficiency assessment.

42 (2) A notice of deficiency assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer 42 at any time in the case of (A) failure to file a return, including any 43 amended return required pursuant to section 12-226, or (B) a 44 deficiency due to fraud or intent to evade the provisions of this chapter 45 or regulations promulgated thereunder.

(3) In the case of an omission from gross income of an amount properly includible therein that is in excess of twenty-five per cent of the amount of gross income stated in the return, a notice of deficiency

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- assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer at any time not later than six years after the return was filed. For purposes of this subdivision, there shall not be taken into account any amount that is omitted from gross income stated in the return if such amount is disclosed in the return or in a statement attached to the return, in a manner adequate to apprise the commissioner of the nature and amount of such item.
 - (4) In the case of a failure to disclose a listed transaction, as defined in Section 6707A of the Internal Revenue Code, on the taxpayer's federal income tax return, a notice of deficiency assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer at any time not later than six years after the return required under this chapter for the same income year was filed.
 - (b) When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this part or regulations promulgated thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment, or fifty dollars, whichever is greater. When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to fraud or intent to evade the provisions of this part or regulations promulgated thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to twenty-five per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment. No [taxpayer] part of a deficiency shall be subject to more than one penalty under this section in relation to the same tax period. Any decision rendered by any federal court holding that a taxpayer has filed a fraudulent return with the Director of Internal Revenue shall subject the taxpayer to the penalty imposed by this section without the necessity of further proof thereof, except when it can be shown that the return to the state so differed from the return to the federal government as to afford a reasonable presumption that the attempt to defraud did not extend to the return to the state.
 - (c) [Within] Not later than thirty days [of] after the mailing of [such] a notice of deficiency assessment, the taxpayer shall pay to the commissioner, in cash or by check, draft or money order drawn to the

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81 order of the Commissioner of Revenue Services, any additional 82 amount of tax shown to be due by [the corrected return or] such notice, 83 or such taxpayer shall be paid by the State Treasurer, upon order of the 84 Comptroller, any amount shown to be due it by [such] the corrected 85 return. The failure of the taxpayer to receive any timely mailed notice 86 required by this section shall not relieve [him] such taxpayer of the 87 obligation to pay the tax assessed under the terms of this part or any 88 interest or penalties thereon.

- (d) When, before the expiration of the time prescribed in this section for the examination of the return or the assessment of the tax, both the commissioner and the taxpayer have consented in writing to such examination or assessment after such time, the return may be examined and the tax may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon. The commissioner may also in such a case waive the statute of limitations against a claim for refund by such taxpayer.
- (e) For purposes of this section, a tax return filed under this chapter before the last day prescribed by law or by any regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter for the filing of such return, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing, shall be deemed to be filed on such last day.
- 104 Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective from passage and applicable to any open tax 105 period) When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a 106 deficiency assessment is made pursuant to section 12-233 of the 107 general statutes, as amended by this act, is due to failure to disclose a 108 listed transaction, as defined in Section 6707A of the Internal Revenue 109 Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code 110 of the United States, as from time to time amended, on the taxpayer's 111 federal tax return, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to seventy-112 five per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment.

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Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 12-728 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1*, 2005):

(a) After a final return pursuant to the provisions of this chapter is filed, the commissioner shall cause the same to be examined and may make such further audit or investigation or reaudit as the commissioner deems necessary, and if the commissioner determines that there is a deficiency with respect to the payment of any tax due under this chapter, the commissioner shall assess or reassess the additional taxes, penalties and interest due to this state, give notice of such assessment or reassessment to the taxpayer and make demand upon the taxpayer for payment. [Within] Not later than sixty days [of] after the mailing of such notice, the taxpayer shall pay to the commissioner, in cash or by check, draft or money order drawn to the order of the commissioner, the amount of the deficiency. Such amount shall bear interest at the rate of one per cent per month or fraction thereof from the date when the original tax became due and payable. When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to negligence or intentional disregard of the provisions of this chapter or regulations adopted thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to ten per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment. When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency assessment is made is due to fraud or intent to evade the provisions of this chapter or regulations adopted thereunder, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to twenty-five per cent of the amount of such deficiency assessment. No [taxpayer] part of a deficiency assessment shall be subject to more than one penalty under this section in relation to the same tax period. Any decision rendered by any federal court holding that a taxpayer has filed a fraudulent return with the Director of Internal Revenue shall subject the taxpayer to the twenty-five per cent penalty imposed by this subsection without the necessity of further proof thereof, except when it can be shown that the return to the state so differed from the return

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- 147 to the federal government as to afford a reasonable presumption that 148 the attempt to defraud did not extend to the state.
- 149 Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective from passage and applicable to any open tax year)
- 150 When it appears that any part of the deficiency for which a deficiency
- 151 assessment is made pursuant to section 12-728 of the general statutes,
- 152 as amended by this act, is due to failure to disclose a listed transaction,
- 153 as defined in Section 6707A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or
- 154 any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United
- 155 States, as from time to time amended, on the taxpayer's federal tax
- 156 return, there shall be imposed a penalty equal to seventy-five per cent
- 157 of the amount of such deficiency assessment.
- 158 Sec. 6. Subsection (c) of section 12-733 of the general statutes is
- 159 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 160 passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1,
- 161 2005):
- 162 (c) (1) If no return is filed or if a taxpayer makes, wilfully or
- otherwise, a false or fraudulent return, a notice of deficiency 163
- 164 assessment may be mailed to the taxpayer at any time.
- 165 (2) If a taxpayer wilfully attempts in any manner to defeat or evade
- 166 a tax imposed by this chapter, a notice of deficiency assessment may be
- 167 mailed to the taxpayer at any time.
- 168 (3) If a taxpayer fails to disclose a listed transaction, as defined in
- Section 6707A of the Internal Revenue Code, on the taxpayer's federal 169
- 170 tax return, a notice of deficiency assessment may be mailed to the
- 171 taxpayer at any time not later than six years after the return required
- 172 under this chapter for the same taxable year was filed.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	from passage and applicable to any open tax period	New section
Sec. 2	from passage and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2005	12-233
Sec. 3	from passage and applicable to any open tax period	New section
Sec. 4	from passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2005	12-728(a)
Sec. 5	from passage and applicable to any open tax year	New section
Sec. 6	from passage and applicable to taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2005	12-733(c)

Statement of Purpose:

To establish penalties for both corporate business tax and personal income tax purposes on taxpayers who fail to report a listed transaction, also known as an abusive tax avoidance transaction.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]